

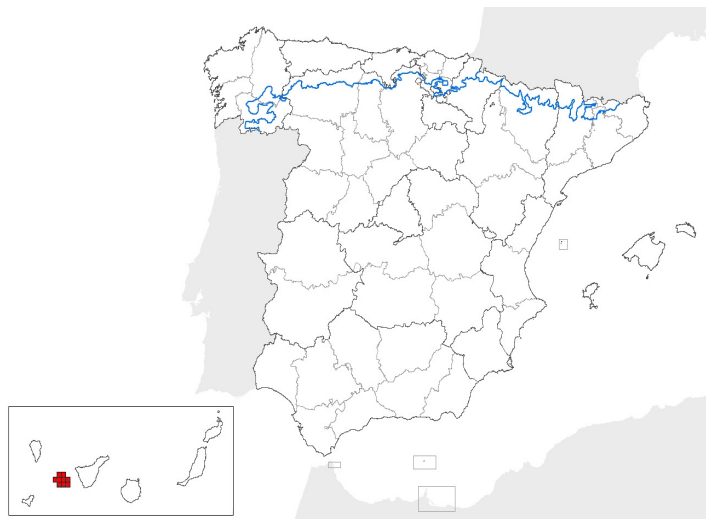
Tarentola gomerensis

1. National level

Biogeographical regions and/or marine regions concerned within the Member State: **MAC**

map-range

map-distribution



map-favourable-range



2. Biogeographical or marine level

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: **MACARONESIAN**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

http://www.mma.es/portal/secciones/biodiversidad/inventarios/inb/anfibios_reptiles/pdf/reptil_18.pdf

2.3 Range of the species type in the biogeographic region or marine region

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 2.3.1 Surface area of species range in km2: | 75 |
| 2.3.2 Date of range determination: | 2002 |
| 2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range: | |
| 2.3.4 Range trend: | Stable (=) |
| 2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional): | |
| 2.3.6 Range trend period: | 1980-2002 |
| 2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend: | Natural processes |
| and/or specify | |

Tarentola gomerensis

2.4 Population of the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.4.1 Population size estimation:

Population size estimation (minimum)	Population size estimation (maximum)	Population units
0	0	

2.4.2 Date of population estimation:

2.4.3 Methods used for population estimation:

2.4.4 Quality of data on area:

2.4.5 Population trend: Stable (=)

2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2):

2.4.7 Population trend period: 1980-2002

2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend: Not applicable

and/or specify:

2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):

2.4.10 Main pressures: 400 Urbanised areas, human habitation
966 - antagonism arising from introduction of species
967 - antagonism with domestic animals

2.4.11 Threats 400 Urbanised areas, human habitation
966 - antagonism arising from introduction of species
967 - antagonism with domestic animals

2,5 Habitat for the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.5.1 Habitats for the species: Habita en prácticamente todos los hábitats presentes en la isla, aunque es extre

2.5.2 Area estimation (km2): 250

2.5.3 Date of estimation: 2002

2.5.4 Quality of the data: Good e.g based on extensive surveys

2.5.5 Trend of the habitat: Stable (=)

2.5.6 Trend period: 1970-2006

2.5.7 Reasons for reported trend: NotApplicable

Other (specify):

2.6 Future prospects for the species: Good prospects - species expected to survive and prosper

2.7 Complementary information

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2): 200 More than

2.7.2 Favourable reference population:

2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species (km2): 200

2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional):

Conclusion	Biogeographical or marine level	Conclusions within Natura 2000 sites (optional)
Conclusions: (2.3) Range:	Favourable (FV)	
Conclusions: (2.4) Population:	Favourable (FV)	
Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species:	Favourable (FV)	
Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects:	Favourable (FV)	
Conclusions: Overall assessment:	Favourable (FV)	