

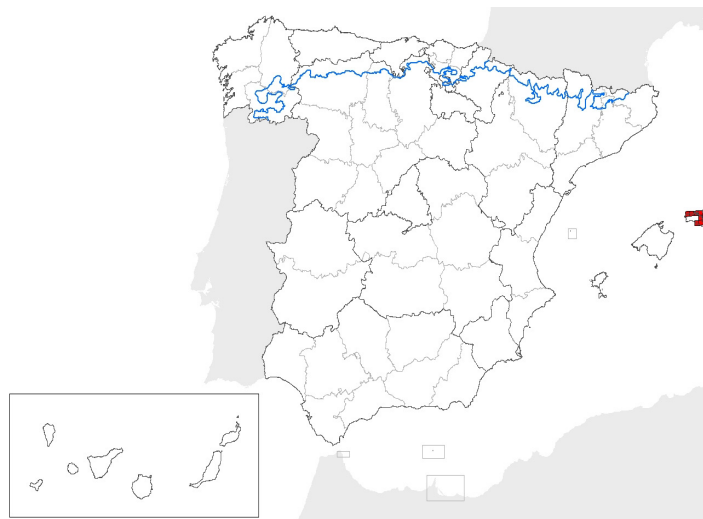
Report on the main results of the surveillance under article 11 for annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

Daphne rodriguezii

1. National level

Biogeographical regions and/or marine regions concerned within the Member State: **MED**

map-distribution



2. Biogeographical or marine level

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: **MEDITERRANEAN**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

Servei de Protecció d'Espècies. 2007. Projecte Bioatles. Conselleria de Medi Ambient. Govern de les Illes Balears.

Sáez, Ll. i Rosselló, J. A. 2001. Llibre vermell de la flora vascular de les Illes Balears. Documents Tècnics de Conservació. 2a època. Núm. 9. Govern de les Illes Balears. Conselleria de Medi Ambient. Palma de Mallorca. 232 pàgs.

Traveset, A., Rodríguez, J. y Fraga, P. 2003. Plan de Gestión y Conservació de la especie Daphne rodriguezii. Document no publicat. Institut Mediterrani d'Estudis Avançats (CSIC-UIB) y Consell Insular de Menorca. Projecte LIFE 2000NAT/E/7355.

2.3 Range of the species type in the biogeographic region or marine region

- 2.3.1 Surface area of species range in km²: 55
- 2.3.2 Date of range determination:
- 2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range: Good e.g based on extensive surveys
- 2.3.4 Range trend: Stable (=)
- 2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km² (optional):
- 2.3.6 Range trend period: 1999-2007
- 2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend: Improved knowledge/more accurate data
and/or specify

2.4 Population of the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.4.1 Population size estimation:

Population size estimation (minimum)	Population size estimation (maximum)	Population units
18000	0	Number of individuals

- 2.4.2 Date of population estimation: 2003
- 2.4.3 Methods used for population estimation: Extrapolation from surveys of part of the population or from sampling
- 2.4.4 Quality of data on area: Good e.g based on extensive surveys
- 2.4.5 Population trend: Decreasing (-)

Daphne rodriguezii

2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2):	
2.4.7 Population trend period:	1999-2007
2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend:	Natural processes
and/or specify:	
2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):	
2.4.10 Main pressures:	400 Urbanised areas, human habitation 990 Other natural processes
2.4.11 Threats	400 Urbanised areas, human habitation 975 - lack of pollinating agents 990 Other natural processes

2,5 Habitat for the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.5.1 Habitats for the species:	
2.5.2 Area estimation (km2):	10
2.5.3 Date of estimation:	2003
2.5.4 Quality of the data:	Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
2.5.5 Trend of the habitat:	Decreasing (-)
2.5.6 Trend period:	1999-2007
2.5.7 Reasons for reported trend:	NaturalProcesses
Other (specify):	

2.6 Future prospects for the species: Poor prospects - species likely to struggle unless conditions change

2.7 Complementary information

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2):	More than
2.7.2 Favourable reference population:	
2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species (km2):	500
2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional):	Poblaciones muy fragmentadas. Altamente dependiente de las poblaciones de lag

Conclusion	Biogeographical or marine level	Conclusions within Natura 2000 sites (optional)
Conclusions: (2.3) Range:	Bad (U2)	
Conclusions: (2.4) Population:	Bad (U2)	
Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species:	Bad (U2)	
Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects:	Bad (U2)	
Conclusions: Overall assessment:	Bad (U2)	